

Prevention against world water reserve diminution by Sahel Countries feeding from the Congo River water - catchment.

EKEMBE KENGO CHERUBIN MWANDA DUMBI JOSE,
Geological N.G.O., Kinshasa, Democratic Republic of Congo,
Geological and Mining Research Centre, Kinshasa, Democratic
Republic of Congo

Reliable statical data from several centers and specialized institute as well as some international organism have brought to establish with great anxiety the water diminution and increasing rarification in several Countries putting thus in dangerous situation more than 30% of the world's population.

Indeed, this rarification not only risk to break the ecological balance but also is the source of many catastrophes (endemic sickness, bad nutrition, war...) and what's so grave is the fact that for most of case, the third world countries are much more exposed.

In order to prevent this cataclysm, we have envisaged one artificial high bearing feeding independent to the season's balance and this, from equatorial great rivers especially the Congo River to join and to make water provision to Sahel and North Africa Countries.

Once such project will be realized, obviously it will bring sustainable development to many Countries and through it, we will find the geology part (contribution) in sustainable development challenges for the third millenium.